1) Ureteral calculus__________ N20.1

2) Trigonitis with hematuria_____ N30.31

3) Endometriosis of uterus______ N80.0

4) Hydroureter with infection_____ N13.6

5) Urethral stricture from childbirth___ N35.021

6) Chronic kidney disease stage 3_____ N18.3

7) Postcatheterization urethral stricture, male___ N99.114

8) Fibroadenosis of left breast_______ N60.22

9) Nephrotic syndrome with minor glomerular abnormality __________________ N04.0

10) Infection of cystostomy______ N99.511
11) **Inpatient admission:** The patient was experiencing heavy, abnormal uterine bleeding and abdominal pain. On vaginal examination, there was bright red blood in the vagina and the left adnexa was enlarged. The woman was admitted and taken to surgery, where an exploratory laparotomy revealed a left follicular ovarian cyst. While the surgeon was examining the left ovary, the cyst spontaneously ruptured. An ovarian cystectomy was performed without complication. The postoperative course was uneventful, and the patient was discharged.

**Discharge diagnosis:** Ruptured left follicular ovarian cyst.

Diagnosis codes: ___**N83.0**__________________________________

12) **Inpatient Admission:** The patient, a young man with hypertensive heart disease and end-stage renal disease, was admitted for placement of an arteriovenous fistula in his left arm to prepare for hemodialysis. The AV fistula was accomplished between the left radial artery and cephalic antebrachial vein in the lower arm. A single hemodialysis session was provided to treat the end-stage chronic kidney disease.

**Discharge diagnosis:** (1) Hypertensive heart disease and nephrosclerosis, (2) end-stage chronic kidney disease.

Diagnosis codes: ___**I13.11** and **N18.6**_________________________